COUNTRY	Germany (Scoriet Zone) SECURITY INFORMATIO	B <del>≱≱boogob¥</del> 00003-2 ON PRT NO	106
TOPIC	Air Force Training Installations	25X1A	
Makrasona construente acusar			
EVALUATI	ONPLACE OBTAINED		25X1
DATE OF	CONTEN		
DATE OBT	TAINEDTE PREPARED	23 October 1751	ev .
REFEREN	CES 25X1A		
PAGES	3 ENCLOSURES (NO. & TYPE) 2 sketches of	on ditto	
	RETURN TO SHA		
	100		
Materia Signification of the State Secretary S	RETURNICRAR!	50-a	A VIII COMPANIA MARIA A COMPANIA
	I. CIR	X	ekalikishing dipagat yake mpagat yake p
SOURCE		25X1X	
		25/(1/(	
(1X <u>An</u>	klam Airfield		
(1A 2.	of the jet fighters approached in level flight and the southwestern corner of the installation. Prior occupied by 1 officer and 4 EM, drove to the bunker after the firing practice to the billets at 23 Frieguarded only during the firing practices.	fired one round at target to the firing, rat the field and returned launder Strasse. The field	s in ed ld was
(1	targets set up at the field. Parachuting from biplan weather. Parachuting was generally done on Thursday, and II, air force fill participated in this training.	6 MiG-15s fired at ground nes was also observed in a s and Saturdays. Three of	
		- 49	
3. (1X	Firing practice and parachute training were also obsoluting this period, signs in German and "ussian were warned the local population that firing was being he repeatedly observed that air force soldiers looked if representing four-engine aircraft. From time to time which represented aircraft were covered with white a fired were within a radius of 10 meters around the dramy duds. A telephone line led from the airfield bi south of the aircraft durnies. The air force detail 30 EM. (1)	e posted around the field at the installation.  For duds on the durnies  to the targets on the ground and the impacts of the selection of the	and 25X1, and
	on-Rossow Bombing Range.		
[1]A 4.	On a German firm was ordered to manufactowers to be constructed on the Gadow-Rossow (N 54/U towers, which was 27 meters high, was erected about huette-Gadow settlement. The tower had three intermed on a concrete foundation. A spiral staircase led to A wooden shed with a telephone conjection was install.	20) comming range. One of 200 meters south of the G diste platforms and was	î the las- built
•		LAIS MILY	
*	Document No	s ©	25X
	Approved For Release 2002/08/08 : CIA-RDP82-004	57R009300100003-2	20/(
		204929	

		SECRET/CONTROL/US OFFICIALS DALY	
		- 2 - 25X1A	
25X1X		A table, a map, pyrotechnic pictols, and ammunition were observed in this shed. A wooden shed with windows was erected on the third platform. A German battery commander's telescope was sen there. The second tower, which was 24 meters high, and constructed in the same as the first one, was located about 2 km northeast of Moscow. The entire bombing range could be observed from the two towers. According to local residents, twin-jet sireraft conducted practice bombing on the range. A lumber firm in wittstock was ordered to manufacture 100 wooden tank dumnies for the bombing range. Another firm was to deliver 50 lamps.	
25X1A	5.,	Between the "oseneck estate quartered a Soviet Air Force regair	
	<u>.</u>	shop unit which used	
25X1A	6.	On the observation tower near Glashuette-Gadow was occupied by 20 air force officers and EM. Another observation tower, which was 20 meters high, was observed on the dossow-Raegelin (N 54/V 20) highway near kilometer marker 23.9 .	
25X1A	7.	on nine jet bombers were observed flying in formation at an altitude of about 1,000 meters toward Gadow. All aircraft released one bomb each simultaneously. The smoke of the exploding bombs mushroomed about 50 meters high. After the bomb release, some of the trees caught on fire. A woman who had been in the area stated that she had found a container similar to an auxiliary fuel tank near the bombing range. The had picked it up but dropped it again because the container had singed her clother.	
25X1A	e.3	bomb crators were observed near lashuette. The tower, the top of which was glassed—in, was about 500 meters southeast of lashuette. A female resident from Glashuette said that 30 to 40 aircraft had released bombs about eight days ago and that Soviets on the worden tower had observed the heating. The said that so the said that so the worden tower had observed the heating.	
25X1X 25X1B <sub>25</sub>	X1A	Bossow, Gadow, Zootzen, and Fretzdorf, which had been destroyed, were replaced by boards.  by boards.  observed in Zootzen.	
	9.	on , two twin-jet bombers were observed twice over the Rossow bombing range. Each plane released two bombs from very high altitudes. According to local residents, an air force detail of 80 to 100 men was quartered in "osenow estate.	
	10	On five jet fighters fired at the target area of Schweinrich troop training grounds east of Lake Transer. The planes, which approached from the north at an altitude of glout 1 200	
25X1A		north at an altitude of about 1,000 meters, individually dived and fired one round each from a height of about 200 meter. They pulled out of the dive at an altitude of about 100 meters.	
25X1A	11.	Ontype-27 jet bombers practiced bombing over Uchweinrich troop training grounds. he planes, flying in three flights at intervals of about 3	
		formations flew at the same altitude and speed while sank allow at the same altitude and speed while sank allows.	
25X1		simultaneously were heard. During the practice,	
		] [ 25/4	

SECRET/CONTROL/US OF ICIAIS ONLY

25X1

25X1

25X1A 25X1A	12. On bombing was practiced by jet bombers over the target area in the woods east of Zootzen. Nine aircraft, which were flying in three flights one after the other at an altitude of about 3,000 meters, formed a single line before approaching the target area. Flying in this formation the planes made one circle around the target area and, when reaching the southern starting point, they flow straight north while each plane dropped a bomb. After releasing their bombs, the aircraft first flow to the east and then to the south while regrouping into the three flight formations. A similar exercise was executed by seven jet bombers on and by five jet 25X1/4 bombers on (2)
25X1X 25X1A	Kummersdorf Bombing Range.
	13. On a target village, erected by the Soviets, was observed on Kunners-dorf firing range. At 3 p.m., 2h twin-engine bombers practiced live bombing at this village. Subsequently, 30 single-engine ground attack aircraft made low level attacks with aircraft armsment. Suring the exercise, four jet fighters circled over the area at a high altitude.
	Firing Range of Laerz Airfield.
	During the period from a firing range for jet fighters was observed southwest of Klopzow. (3) the town of Klopzow was evacuated by all civilians. In the firing range at low altitudes, firing acquence of rounds, then climbing to an altitude of 500 to 700 meters. This was repeated several times.
	Rotscherlinde Airfield.
25X1A 25X1A 25X1A	About 9:40 a.m a biplane took off from Brandenburg-Arado airfield and landed at Botschorlinde airfield. The plane taxied to the eastern edge of the installation. All roads in the vicinity of the airfield were blocked by Soviet Air Force sentries. At 10 a.m., four MiG-15s coming from the direction of Briest approached the field at an altitude of about 1,000 meters. They dived and each plane fired three rounds from its cameon in rapid succession from an altitude of about 200 meters. The planes fired at a target laid out at the field. All the shots fired were hits. "hile firing, the planes dived within 50 meters of the ground and then climbed to about 1,000 meters. About 11 a.m., four other MiG-15s which arrived from the direction of Briest performed the same maneuver. The target, a wooden frame 3x4 meters covered with fabric, was removed from the field by soldiers when the firing practice was completed
25X1A	Comments.
,	<ol> <li>(1) Anklam airfield is not occupied by an air unit. According to available information, the installation is used as a firing range by the fighter regiment located in Peenemuende. Firing was practiced mostly in low-level flights or glides.</li> <li>(2) The existence of a bombing range in the Schweinrich area was known previously. Details on the location and status of the range are received for the first time, but appear credible since they are reported by five different sources. It appears that the range is used mainly by jet bomber formations from Oranienburg and Justerbog. For location of the bombing range, see Annex 1.</li> <li>(3) This information is believed to refer to the firing range of Laerz airfield. For location of the firing range, see Annex 2.</li> </ol>
	(h) Rotscherlinde sirfield is used for firing practices at ground targets by the fighter regiment stationed in Brandonburg-Bright

SECRET/CONTROL/US OFFICIALS ONLY